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What is claimed is:

A method for etching at least partially through a metal-containing layer disposed above a substrate, wherein part of said metal-containing layer is disposed below an etch mask and part of said metal-containing layer is not disposed below the etch mask, comprising the steps of:

placing the substrate in an etch chamber;

flowing an etchant gas into the etch chamber;

creating a plasma from the etchant gas in the etch chamber;

etching away parts of the metal-containing layer not disposed below the etch mask, wherein some of the etched away parts of the metal-containing layer is redeposited to form residual sidewall passivation while the substrate is in the etch chamber;

discontinuing the flow of the etchant gas into the etch chamber;

flowing an etch mask stripping gas into the etch chamber;

creating a plasma from the etch mask stripping gas in the etch chamber;

stripping away the etch mask and removing some residual sidewall passivation, while the substrate is in the etch chamber; and

removing the substrate from the etch chamber.

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2. The method, as recited in claim 1, further comprising the steps of:

electrostatically attracting the plasma from the etchant gas to the substrate in the etch chamber; and

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electrostatically attracting the plasma from the etch mask stripping gas to the substrate in the etch chamber.

- 3. The method, as recited in claim 2, wherein the etch chamber is a metal 5 etch chamber.
 - 4. The method, as recited in claim 3, wherein the step of stripping away the etch mask and removing residual sidewall passivation further removes residue from walls of the etch chamber.

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- 5. The method, as recited in claim 4, wherein the etch mask stripping gas comprises oxygen.
 - 6. The method, as recited in claim 5, further comprising the steps of: placing the substrate in a load lock; and

removing the substrate from the load lock to place the substrate into the etch chamber.

- 7. The method, as recited in claim 6, further comprising the steps of:
- placing the substrate into a corrosion passivation chamber after the substrate has been removed from the etch chamber; and

exposing the wafer to a non-plasma high temperature water vapor.

8. The method, as recited in claim 7, further comprising the steps of:

transferring the substrate from the corrosion passivation chamber to a cooling station;

cooling the substrate in the cooling station; and

5 transferring the substrate from the cooling station to the load lock.

9. The method, as recited in claim 8, further comprising the step of maintaining a pressure between 1 and 80 millitorr during the etching and stripping steps.

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10. The method, as recited in claim 9, further comprising the step of maintaining the substrate at a temperature between 10° and 100° C during the etching and stripping steps.

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11. The method, as recited in claim 10, wherein the step of electrostatically attracting the plasma from the etchant gas comprises the step of biasing a chuck supporting the substrate to a bias power between -10 and -1,000 volts, and wherein the step of electrostatically attracting the plasma from the etch mask stripping gas comprises the step of biasing the chuck supporting the substrate to a bias power between -10 and -1,000 volts.

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12. The method, as recited in claim 4, further comprising the step of maintaining a pressure between 1 and 80 millitorr during the etching and stripping steps.

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- 13. The method, as recited in claim 12, further comprising the step of maintaining the substrate at a temperature between 10° and 100° C during the etching and stripping steps.
- 14. The method, as recited in claim 13, wherein the step of electrostatically attracting the plasma from the etchant gas comprises the step of biasing a chuck supporting the substrate to a bias power between -10 and -1,000 volts and wherein the step of electrostatically attracting the plasma from the etch mask stripping gas comprises the step of biasing the chuck supporting the substrate to a bias power between -10 and -1,000 volts.

A method for etching at least partially through a metal-containing layer disposed above a substrate, wherein part of said metal-containing layer is disposed below an etch mask and part of said metal-containing layer is not disposed below the etch mask, comprising the steps of:

placing the substrate in the etch chamber;

etching away parts of the metal-containing layer not disposed below the etch mask, wherein some of the etched away parts of the metal-containing layer is redeposited to form residual sidewall passivation on the substrate, while the substrate is in the etch chamber;

stripping away the etch mask and removing some sidewall passivation while the substrate is in the etch chamber; and

removing the substrate from the etch chamber.

25 An apparatus for etching at least partially through a metal-containing layer disposed above a substrate, wherein part of said metal-containing layer is disposed

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below an etch mask and part of said metal-containing layer is not disposed below the etch mask, comprising:

means for placing the substrate in an etch chamber;

means for flowing an etchant gas into the etch chamber;

means for creating a plasma from the etchant gas in the etch chamber;

means for etching away parts of the metal-containing layer not disposed below the etch mask, wherein some of the etched away parts of the metal-containing layer are redeposited to form residual sidewall passivation while the substrate is in the etch chamber;

means for discontinuing the flow of the etchant gas into the etch chamber;

means for flowing an etch mask stripping gas into the etch chamber;

means for creating a plasma from the etch mask stripping gas in the etch chamber;

means for stripping away the etch mask and removing some residual sidewall passivation, while the substrate is in the etch chamber; and

means for removing the substrate from the etch chamber.

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